PHYTOCHEMICAL REPORTS

INTRODUCTION

In order to try to help authors and readers alike, the Editors have decided to combine all papers dealing with reports of the isolation of previously known compounds and closely related substances (e.g. new glycosides of known aglycones) from new sources into one continuous section with an index. Eventually it is hoped that the data may be presented in tabular form. Contributors wishing to submit papers for inclusion in future issues should try to reduce their contributions to the minimum necessary for adequate presentation. This will ensure rapid publication.

INDEX

(Note: where more than one *genus* is dealt with in a Report, the generic names are shown bracketed.)

GYMNOSPERMAE

	Angiospermae	
Apocynaceae	Anodendron affine	Kaempferol-3-glucoside
	A. affine	Glucosyringic acid
	Aspidosperma excelsum	α-Yohimbine
	(Narium indicum	Dambonitol

\[\begin{aligned} \text{Nerium indicum} & Dambonitol \\ \text{Thevetia nerifolia} & L-(+)-Bornesitol \\ \text{Tetraplasandra meiandra} & Rutin \end{aligned} \]

Araliaceae Tetraplasandra meiandra Ruti
Betulaceae Betula spp. Betu

Larix laricina

Betula spp. Betulin, lupeol and related triterpenoids; leucocyanidin

Copaifera langsdorfii

Lactuca spp.
Arnica longifolia T-Muurolol

Artemisia carruthii 6-Methoxy-7,8-methylene-

dioxycoumarin

Aster baccharoides Triterpenoids and steroids
Diospyros peregrina Triterpenoids, (one new)*

steroids, alkanes gallic acid

Flavone C-glycosides flavonol glycosides

Sesqui- and di-terpenes including one new kaurane*

Ebenaceae

Leguminosae

Pinaceae

^{*} New compounds.

Myristicaceae Myristica officinalis Triglycerides Ceanothus velutinus Alkanes, flavones* Rhamnaceae

triterpenes, cinnamic acid

Colletia paradoxa Ceanothic acid

Discaria longispina Ceanothic and betulinic acids

Solanum xanthocarpum Lupeol and related triterpetes Solanaceae